

Energy Procurement Portfolios and Production Planning

Enterprise-wide Optimization
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Overview of the Problem

- Objective
 - Minimize production costs
 - Find a portfolio of contracts
 - Find the optimal power import schedule
 - Working in Hourly time buckets
- Contract types available:
 - Fixed price (FP or f)
 - Quantity-based tiered (QB or q)
 - Time-based tiered (TB or b)
 - Spot market access (SP or s)

Modeling updates since our last meeting in March 2011

- Removed Energy Storage System (ESS) concept
 - Expensive to implement
 - High loss rates make ESS impractical
- Added modeling of multiple production sites making multiple products (instead of one site making one product)
- Enforce a single contract at each location in each time period (instead of permitting multiple contracts)
- Continued to use deterministic demands and to enforce the “no stock-outs” rule

Model formulation

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Model

$$\min \sum_{h \in \mathcal{H}} \sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} (c_{f,p} P_{h,f,p} + c_s P_{h,s,p} + K_{h,p}) + \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} \left(\sum_{h \in \mathcal{H}_1} c_{b,p}^1 P_{h,b,p} + \sum_{h \in \mathcal{H}_2} c_b^2 P_{h,b} \right) + \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} \alpha \sum_{h_1 \in \mathcal{H}} \sum_{h_2 \in \mathcal{H}} P_{h_1,s,p} [V^{s,p}]_{h_1,h_2} P_{h_2,s,p} + \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} x_{a,p} d c_{a,p} \quad (4)$$

s.t.

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, a \in \mathcal{A}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad P_{h,a,p} \leq M x_{a,p} \quad (5)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} P_{h,a,p} = P_{h,p}^u \quad (6)$$

$$\forall d \in \mathcal{D}, p \in \mathcal{P}, g \in \mathcal{G} \quad inv_{d,p,g} = inv_{d-1,p,g} + \sum_{t \in \mathcal{T}} \eta(P_{h,p}^u) - dem_{d,p,g} \quad (7)$$

$$p \in \mathcal{P} \quad \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}} x_{a,p} \leq 1 \quad (8)$$

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Model formulation

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Model

$$K_{h,p} = \begin{cases} c_{q,p}^2 P_{h,p}^q & \text{if } y_{h,p} = 1 \\ c_{q,p}^1 P_{h,p}^q & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad \sum_{\substack{\tilde{h} \in \mathcal{H} \\ \tilde{h} \leq h}} P_{\tilde{h},q,p} - qlimit \leq My_{h,p} \quad (9)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad M + K_{h,p} \geq c_{q,p}^2 P_{h,q,p} + My_{h,p} \quad (10)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad My_{h,p} + K_{h,p} \leq c_{q,p}^2 P_{h,q,p} + M \quad (11)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad M + K_{h,p} \geq c_{q,p}^1 P_{h,q,p} + M(1 - y_{h,p}) \quad (12)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad M(1 - y_{h,p}) + K_{h,p} \leq c_{q,p}^1 P_{h,q,p} + M \quad (13)$$

$$\forall h \in \mathcal{H}, p \in \mathcal{P} \quad y_{h,p} \geq y_{h-1,p} \quad (14)$$

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Conclusions and Observations

- Additions would be necessary to make the model more believable
 - Need to consider dynamic customer sourcing – which may necessitate distribution modeling
 - Hourly-level production modeling will require more precise plant models for results to be accepted by the business area
 - Demand volatility would need to be taken into account (stochastic modeling)
- Setting of the “risk factor” must reflect your operational reality
- Electricity pricing options at adjacent production sites are often highly correlated – if not identical (that is, 2 plants on the same power contract) – thus limiting the effectiveness of this model

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